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=> FIL REG
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:11:08 ON 14 JUL 2011
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2011 American Chemical Society (ACS)
=> D HIS NOFILE
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:54:47 ON 14 JUL 2011
               E US2006-575597/APPS
              1 SEA US2006-575597/AP
L1
               E AUBERT THIERRY/AU
L2
             27 SEA ("AUBERT T"/AU OR "AUBERT THIERRY"/AU)
                E ARKEMA/CO
           1087 SEA ("ARKEMA FORMERLY ATOFINA CENTRE DE RECHERCHES RHONE
T.3
                ALPES"+ALL/CO OR "ARKEMA FRANCE"+ALL/CO OR "ARKEMA FRANCE
                CRRA"+ALL/CO OR "ARKEMA FRANCE S A"+ALL/CO OR "ARKEMA FRANCE
                SA"+ALL/CO OR "ARKEMA FRANCE SOCIETE ANONYME"+ALL/CO)
                SEL L1 1- RN
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           3 SEA (25038-36-2/BI OR 57-13-6/BI OR 657402-40-9/BI)
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L5
               E VULTAC/CN
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L6
              1 SEA "VULTAC TB 7"/CN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:04:12 ON 14 JUL 2011
L7
           9 SEA L6
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               STR
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L9
L10
            43 SEA SSS SAM L8
             1 SEA SSS SAM L8 AND L9
L11
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               STR L8
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:08:00 ON 14 JUL 2011
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               STR
L15
                STR
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           50 SEA SSS SAM L14 AND L15
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50 SEA SSS SAM L14 AND L15 AND L9

L17

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L19
    FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:17:01 ON 14 JUL 2011
L20
          STR
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:17:44 ON 14 JUL 2011
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              E VULTAC/CN
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            9 SEA VULTAC#
L24
            6 SEA L24 NOT (L6 OR L22 OR L23)
              SEL L25 4 RN
L26
            1 SEA 92769-21-6/BI
            5 SEA L25 NOT L26
            8 SEA L6 OR L22 OR L23 OR L27
L28
              SAV L28 BOY597/A
L29
             1 SEA UREA/CN
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L33
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L35
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           244 SEA 10025-67-9/CRN
L37
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               E TETRASULFUR DICHLORIDE/CN
              E SULFUR CHLORIDE/CN
            1 SEA "SULFUR CHLORIDE (S13CL2)"/CN
L39
L40
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L41
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              E PMS/CI
L42 1410109 SEA PMS/CI
            62 SEA L41 AND L42
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L45
             1 SEA L44 AND L31
    FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:58:44 ON 14 JUL 2011
               STR
L47
              STR
L48
               STR L47
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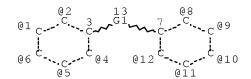
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L50
L51
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L52
              STR L48
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:40:45 ON 14 JUL 2011
L53
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L54
           50 SEA SSS SAM (L46 OR L52) AND L53
          1440 SEA SSS FUL (L46 OR L52) AND L53
               SAV L55 BOY597P/A
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L56
L57
           56 SEA L56 AND L31
L58
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L59
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L60
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L61 3692 SEA L60
L62
           51 SEA L61 AND L31
           40 SEA 1802-2006/PY, PRY, AY AND L62
           42 SEA L63 OR L32 OR L45
L64
L65
           42 SEA 1802-2006/PY, PRY, AY AND L64
L66
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L67
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L68
L69
            4 SEA L67 AND L68
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       579172 SEA RUBBER? OR TIRE OR TIRES OR TYRE OR TYRES
L72
            10 SEA L67 AND L71
L73
            10 SEA L72 OR L69
L74
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    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:11:08 ON 14 JUL 2011
=> D QUE STAT L55
L46
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REP G1=(1-20) S
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 13
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS SAT AT 13
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L52 STR



OH @14 Ak @15 OH @16 Ak @17

REP G1=(1-20) S
VPA 14-1/2/4/5/6 U
VPA 15-1/2/4/5/6 U
VPA 16-8/9/10/11/12 U
VPA 17-8/9/10/11/12 U
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 15
CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 17
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS SAT AT 15
GGCAT IS SAT AT 17
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 17

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L53 SCR 1291 OR 2048

L55 1440 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL (L46 OR L52) AND L53

100.0% PROCESSED 1838381 ITERATIONS (42 INCOMPLETE) 1440 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.08

=> FIL HCAP

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:11:23 ON 14 JUL 2011
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=> D L66 1 IBIB ABS HITSTR HITIND RETABLE

L66 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:346009 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:375107

TITLE: Vulcanization agent usable for EPDM-type rubber

INVENTOR(S): Aubert, Thierry PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Arkema, Fr.

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 16 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KINI		DATE			APPL						ATE		
FR	2861	082			A1		2005	0422										<
FR	2861	082			В1		2005	1230										
	2542																	
WO	2005	0379	10		A1		2005	0428		WO 2	004 - 1	FR25	26		2	0041	007 -	<
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		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
							LV,						•					
		NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	ΤΤ,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	
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EP	1675	898			A1		2006	0705		EP 2	004-	7914	79		2	0041	007 -	<
EP	1675	898			В1		2007	0711										
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AT	3667	76					2007			AT 2								
IN	2006	DN01	986		Α		2007	0615		IN 2	006-	DN19	86		2	0060	412 -	<
US	2007	0142	567		A1		2007	0621		US 2	006-	5755	97		2	0060	413 -	<
KR	2007	0296	34		Α		2007	0314		KR 2	006-	7007.	320		2	0060	415 -	<
KR	9645	21			В1		2010	0621										
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						FR 2	003-	1202	2		A 2	0031	015 -	<
										WO 2	004 - 1	FR25	26	,	W 2	0041	007 -	<

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:375107

AB Vulcanization agent capable of donating sulfur comprises 10-90% poly(alkyl phenol)-polysulfides and 10-90% urea. Process of vulcanization of an EPDM-type elastomeric composition does not have a risk of forming nitrosamines when using this vulcanization agent.

IT 57-13-6, Urea, reactions 657402-40-9,

Vultac TB 7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (vulcanization agent usable for EPDM-type rubber)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

6

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 657402-40-9 HCAPLUS

CN Vultac TB 7 (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IPCI C08K0005-00 [ICM,7]; C08J0003-24 [ICS,7]; C08K0005-21 [ICS,7];

C08K0005-375 [ICS, 7]; C08L0023-16 [ICS, 7]

IPCR C08J0003-24 [I,A]; C08K0005-21 [I,A]; C08K0005-375 [I,A]

CC 39-10 (Synthetic Elastomers and Natural Rubber)

ST polyalkylphenol polysulfide urea vulcanization agent EPDM rubber

IT 57-13-6, Urea, reactions 657402-40-9,

Vultac TB 7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(vulcanization agent usable for EPDM-type rubber)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year		Referenced Work	k Referenced File
	===+====	===+=====	=+=========	====+=======
Fuerstenwalde Reifen	Ve 1987		DD 247016 A	HCAPLUS
Graf, H	1993 46	486	KAUTSCHUK GUMMI	KUNS HCAPLUS
Laffitte, J	2003 816	5 48	CAOUTCHOUCS AND	PLAS HCAPLUS
Rowland, D	1994		US 5326828 A	HCAPLUS
OS.CITING REF COUNT:	1 TH	HERE ARE	1 CAPLUS RECORDS '	THAT CITE THIS RECORD
	(1	CITINGS)	

=> D L73 1-10 IBIB ABS HITSTR HITIND RETABLE

L73 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:141200 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:254568

TITLE: Methods and compositions for increasing the efficacy

of biologically-active ingredients such as antitumor

agents

INVENTOR(S): Windsor, J. Brian; Roux, Stan J.; Lloyd, Alan M.;

Thomas, Collin E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 243 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	FENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPI	ICAT	ION :	NO.		D.	ATE		
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WO	2005	0147	77		A2		2005	0217		WO 2	003-	US32	667		2	0031	016	<
WO	2005	0147	77		А3		2005	0915										
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            LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,
             OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
             TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
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                                         AU 2003-304398
     AU 2003304398
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                               20050225
                                                                   20031016 <--
     EP 1576150
                         A2
                               20050921
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                                                                   20031016 <--
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                         А3
                               20051102
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     US 20060276339
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                                                                   20060123 <--
                         Α1
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2002-418803P
                                                               P 20021016 <--
                                            WO 2003-US32667
                                                               W 20031016 <--
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

The invention provides methods and compns. for modulating the sensitivity of cells to cytotoxic compds. and other active agents. In accordance with the invention, compns. are provided comprising combinations of ectophosphatase inhibitors and active agents. Active agents include antibiotics, fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, chemotherapeutic agents, and plant growth regulators. By increasing the efficacy of active agents, the invention allows use of compns. with lowered concns. of active ingredients.

IT 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 4418-66-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active

(methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active ingredients such as antitumor agents)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 4418-66-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,2'-thiobis[4-chloro-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI C12N [ICM, 7]

IPCR A01N0025-00 [I,A]; A01N0037-00 [I,A]; A01N0037-10 [I,A]; A01N0037-18
[I,A]; A01N0037-22 [I,A]; A01N0037-28 [I,A]; A01N0037-30 [I,A];

A01N0037-38 [I,A]; A01N0037-46 [I,A]; A01N0041-06 [I,A]; A01N0043-12 [I,A]; A01N0043-16 [I,A]; A01N0043-38 [I,A]; A01N0043-40 [I,A]; A01N0043-78 [I,A]; A01N0047-06 [I,A]; A01N0047-30 [I,A]; A01N0047-34 [I,A]; A01N0047-44 [I,A]; A01N0057-16 [I,A]; A01N0061-00 [I,A]; A01N0063-00 [I,A]; A61K0045-06 [I,A]; A61K0045-08 [I,A]; A61K0047-46 [I,A]; A61P0035-00 [I,A]; C12N [I,S]; C12N0015-00 [I,A] CC 1-6 (Pharmacology) ΙT Amino acids, biological studies Aminoglycosides Androgens Asbestos Asphalt Bentonite, biological studies Canola oil Carbon black, biological studies Caseins, biological studies Castor oil Chlorinated natural rubber Coal tar Coconut oil Cod liver oil Collagens, biological studies Corn oil Corticosteroids, biological studies Cottonseed oil Creosote oil Cytokinins Diatomite Epoxy resins, biological studies Essential oils Feldspar-group minerals Fertilizers Gasoline Gelatins, biological studies Gibberellins Glycopeptides Granite, biological studies Growth regulators, plant Humic acids Jojoba oil Kaolin, biological studies Kerosene Lard Ligroine Lime (chemical) Linseed oil Macrolides Mica-group minerals, biological studies Naphthenic acids, biological studies Naphthenic oils Natural products, pharmaceutical Nitrile rubber, biological studies Olive oil Palm oil Paraffin oils Paraffin waxes, biological studies Peanut oil

9

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Perlite
Petrolatum
Petroleum hydrocarbons
Petroleum resins
Petroleum spirits
Phenols, biological studies
Phosphoproteins
Plastics, biological studies
Polyamide fibers, biological studies
Polyamides, biological studies
Polvenes
Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
Polyvinyl butyrals
Progestogens
Protein hydrolyzates
Pumice
Pyrethrins
Rape oil
Resins
Rosin
 Rubber, biological studies
Safflower oil
Sand
Saponins
Shale
Shellac
Silica gel, biological studies
Soapstone
Soybean oil
Tall oil
Tallow
Tetracyclines
Tung oil
Turpentine
Waxes
Wood tar
Zeins
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
   (methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active
  ingredients such as antitumor agents)
                                         50-07-7
50-00-0, Formaldehyde, biological studies
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50-76-0, Actinomycin D 50-79-3 50-91-9 50-99-7, D-Glucose,
biological studies 51-21-8 51-28-5, biological studies
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52-24-4 52-68-6 52-85-7 52-90-4, L-Cysteine, biological studies
53-03-2 53-19-0 53-41-8 54-11-5 54-64-8 55-38-9
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55-98-1 56-23-5, biological studies 56-35-9
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studies
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Benzenamine, biological studies
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64-00-6 64-02-8 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies
66-25-1, Hexanal 66-81-9 67-48-1 67-56-1, Methanol, biological
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ΤТ

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biological studies 71-55-6 71-58-9 71-63-6 72-20-8 72-43-5
72-54-8 72-55-9, biological studies 74-82-8D, Methane, triaryl derivs.
74-83-9, biological studies 74-85-1, Ethene, biological studies
74-87-3, biological studies 74-88-4, biological studies 74-90-8,
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78-93-3, 2-Butanone, biological studies 79-00-5 79-01-6, biological
studies 79-08-3 79-09-4, Propanoic acid, biological studies 79-10-7,
2-Propenoic acid, biological studies 79-11-8, biological studies
                                      79-31-2 79-43-6, biological
79-21-0, Ethaneperoxoic acid 79-24-3
studies 79-46-9 80-05-7, biological studies 80-13-7 80-33-1
                   80-57-9 80-62-6 80-71-7 81-81-2 81-82-3
80-46-6
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81-84-5, 1H,3H-Naphtho[1,8-cd]pyran-1,3-dione 81-88-9 82-66-6
82-68-8 83-26-1
                  83-28-3 83-79-4 84-62-8 84-66-2 84-74-2
85-00-7 85-34-7
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86-86-2, 1-Naphthaleneacetamide 86-87-3, 1-Naphthaleneacetic acid
87-17-2 87-41-2, 1(3H)-Isobenzofuranone 87-44-5 87-47-8 87-51-4,
1H-Indole-3-acetic acid, biological studies 87-86-5 87-90-1 88-04-0
88-06-2 88-85-7 89-68-9 89-83-8 90-03-9 90-43-7,
[1,1'-Biphenyl]-2-ol 91-44-1 91-64-5, 2H-1-Benzopyran-2-one
93-71-0 93-76-5 93-76-5D, alkylamine salts 93-78-7 93-79-8
         94-13-3 94-26-8 94-43-9 94-59-7 94-62-2
                                                         94-75-7,
93-80-1
biological studies 94-75-7D, alkylamine and alkanolamine salts 94-80-4
95-06-7 95-14-7, 1H-Benzotriazole 95-48-7, biological studies
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                  97-24-5 97-53-0
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97-18-7 97-23-4
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                                                          97-95-0
97-99-4 98-01-1, 2-Furancarboxaldehyde, biological studies 98-09-9,
Benzenesulfonyl chloride 98-11-3D, Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl
derivs., sodium salts 98-11-3D, Benzenesulfonic acid, alkyl derivs.,
potassium salts 98-11-3D, Benzenesulfonic acid, para-C9-13 alkyl
derivs., sodium salts 98-50-0
                               98-54-4 98-82-8
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)
   (methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active
   ingredients such as antitumor agents)
                      2764-72-9 2778-04-3
                                               2782-57-2
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2703-13-1
          2759-71-9
2797-51-5
           2809-21-4 2813-95-8 2875-41-4D, N-alkyl derivs.
2893-78-9
          2905-69-3 2917-32-0 2921-88-2 2934-07-8 2939-80-2
2941-55-1
          2953-29-9 2961-61-7 2961-62-8 2971-38-2 2991-51-7
3004-70-4 3032-40-4 3049-71-6 3050-27-9 3060-89-7 3097-08-3
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ΙT

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3766-60-7 3766-81-2 3768-14-7 3772-94-9 3778-73-2 3792-59-4
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ammonium salt, biological studies 6550-86-3 6552-12-1 6565-70-4
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                     7173-51-5 7206-15-7 7206-27-1
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                     7286-69-3 7286-84-2
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7379-26-2 7379-27-3 7411-47-4 7421-93-4 7429-90-5, Aluminum,
biological studies 7437-35-6 7439-89-6, Iron, biological studies
7439-92-1, Lead, biological studies 7439-97-6, Mercury, biological
       7439-98-7, Molybdenum, biological studies 7440-02-0, Nickel,
studies
biological studies
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
```

(Biological study); USES (Uses)
(methods and compns. for increasing efficacy of biol. active ingredients such as antitumor agents)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	(RPY)	(RVL) (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon Anon Anon		ĺ	US 20020077365 A1 US 20020103082 A1 US 4737521 A	HCAPLUS
OS.CITING REF COUNT:	9	THERE ARE 9	O CAPLUS RECORDS TH	HAT CITE THIS RECORD

L73 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:198157 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:238097

TITLE: High-attenuation polymeric material compositions INVENTOR(S): Nomura, Takeshi; Hashimoto, Kazunobu; Wu, Chi Fei;

Mihara, Toshiyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tokai Rubber Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 8

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
 JP 2000086900 JP 3661180	 А В2	20000328 20050615	JP 1998-253797	_	19980908 <
US 6265475	В1	20010724	US 1999-363749		19990730 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-215406	А	19980730 <
			JP 1998-217364	Α	19980731 <
			JP 1998-217398	Α	19980731 <
			JP 1998-219998	Α	19980804 <
			JP 1998-220015	Α	19980804 <
			JP 1998-253797	Α	19980908 <
			JP 1998-349201	Α	19981208 <
			JP 1998-349202	Α	19981208 <

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The title compns. contain base polymers having acidic or basic polar side chains, agents imparting attenuation, namely hindered phenols, and compatibilizers therefor. Thus, a sheet contained Nipol AR 51 100, ADK Stab AO 40 40, and Hitanol 10 parts.

IT 96-69-5

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers)

RN 96-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI C08L0101-00 [ICM,7]; C08K0005-13 [ICS,7]; C08K0005-47 [ICS,7];

C08K0005-524 [ICS,7]; F16F0015-08 [ICS,7]

IPCR C08K0005-13 [I,A]; C08K0005-47 [I,A]; C08K0005-524 [I,A]; C08L0057-00
[I,A]; C08L0101-00 [I,A]; F16F0015-08 [I,A]

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

ST vibration damper rubber hindered phenol compatibilizer; acrylic rubber vibration damper

IT Chlorinated polyethylene xubbex

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(Elaslene 401A; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers)

IT Nitrile rubber, uses

ΙT

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ΤТ

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ΙT

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (Nipol DN 005; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) Synthetic rubber, uses RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (acrylic-epoxy, Nipol AR 51; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) Butyl rubber, uses Synthetic rubber, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) 9010-85-9 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (butyl xubbex, vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) 9002-88-4D, chlorinated RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (chlorinated polyethylene rubber, Elaslene 401A; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) 110-16-7D, Maleic acid, polymers 9003-08-1, Melamine resin 9011-05-6, 25086-73-1 65931-66-0, Quintone 1500 Urea resin RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (compatibilizers; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) 9003-18-3 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nitrile rubber, Nipol DN 005; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) 24937-78-8, Eva polymer 25038-32-8, Isoprene-styrene copolymer RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (xubber; vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) 77-73-6D, Dicyclopentadiene, polymers 79-74-3 88-24-4 88-58-4 96-69-5 119-47-1 1709-70-2 1843-03-4 23911-80-0 31014-41-2 35074-77-2 36443-68-2 27676-62-6 41484-35-9 73754-27-5 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (vibration dampers containing polymers and hindered phenols and compatibilizers) L73 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:674859 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:344050 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:70079a,70082a TITLE: Heat- and moisture-resistant epoxy resin compositions for prepregs and printed circuit boards INVENTOR(S): Arata, Michitoshi; Sase, Shigeo; Takano, Mareo; Fukuda, Tomio PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10279778	А	19981020	JP 1997-88016	19970407 <
US 6180250	B1	20010130	US 1997-994967	19971219 <
EP 870805	A2	19981014	EP 1997-250378	19971220 <
EP 870805	A3	20000209		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1997-88016 A 19970407 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

The title compns. comprise (a) epoxy resins derived by glycidyl etherating condensates of phenols and hydroxybenzaldehyde, (b) bisphenol A-formaldehyde copolymer, (c) fireproofing agents (e.g., tetrabromobisphenol A), (d) curing accelerators (e.g., 1-cyanoethyl-2-ethyl-4-methylimidazole), (e) phenolic or organic thio compound antioxidants [e.g., hindered phenols, butylated hydroxyanisole, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-ethylphenol, 4,4'-butylidenebis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol), dilaurylthio dipropionate, distearylthio dipropionate], and (f) urea derivs. (e.g., urea,

 γ -carbamylpropyltriethoxysilane).

IT 96-69-5, 4,4'-Thiobis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(antioxidants; heat- and moisture-resistant epoxy resin compns. for prepregs and printed circuit boards)

RN 96-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 57-13-6, Urea, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(heat- and moisture-resistant epoxy resin compns. for prepregs and printed circuit boards)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

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IPCI C08L0063-00 [ICM,6]; B32B0015-08 [ICS,6]; C08G0059-08 [ICS,6]; C08J0005-24
     [ICS,6]; H05K0001-03 [ICS,6]
IPCR C08J0005-24 [I,A]; B32B0015-08 [I,A]; C08G0059-08 [I,A]; C08G0059-32
     [I,A]; C08K0005-00 [I,A]; C08L0063-00 [I,A]; C08L0063-04 [I,A];
     H01L0023-14 [I,A]; H05K0001-03 [I,A]
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
ST
    heat resistant epoxy resin prepreg; moisture resistant epoxy resin
     prepreg; printed circuit board epoxy compn; fireproofing agent
     tetrabromobisphenol epoxy compn; curing accelerator imidazole epoxy compn;
     hindered phenol antioxidant epoxy compn; org thio compd antioxidant epoxy
     compn; urea deriv epoxy compn prepreg
ΙT
    Molding of plastics and rubbers
        (compression; heat- and moisture-resistant epoxy resin compns. for
        prepregs and printed circuit boards)
     85-60-9, 4,4'-Butylidenebis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol) 87-66-1,
ΙT
     Pyrogallol %6-69-5, 4,4'-Thiobis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)
     119-47-1, 2,2'-Methylene-bis(4-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)
     Dilaurylthio dipropionate 693-36-7, Distearylthio dipropionate
     1709-70-2, 1,3,5-Trimethyl-2,4,6-tris(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-
     hydroxybenzyl)benzene 1843-03-4 4130-42-1,
     2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-ethylphenol 6683-19-8 26638-03-9D, Hydroxyanisole,
     butylated
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
       (antioxidants; heat- and moisture-resistant epoxy resin compns. for
       prepregs and printed circuit boards)
     57-13-6, Urea, uses 25085-75-0, Bisphenol
ΤT
     A-formaldehyde copolymer 111965-56-1
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (heat- and moisture-resistant epoxy resin compns. for prepregs and
       printed circuit boards)
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2
                              THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
                              (2 CITINGS)
L73 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:474544 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:74544
                       119:74544
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:13421a,13424a
                       Manufacture of high-strength vinyl alcohol polymer
TITLE:
                        fibers with excellent thermal aging resistance
                        Sano, Hirofumi; Yoshimochi, Toshimi; Sato, Masahiro;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Sano, Tomoyuki
                     Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                  KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                       ---- ------
JP 04343708 A 19921130 JP 1991-139833 19910514 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1991-139833 19910514 <--
```

AΒ In manufacture of title fibers, useful for xubber reinforcements, etc., by dissolving vinyl alc. polymers with viscosity-average d.p. (DPv) ≥3000 in solvents, spinning them from nozzles to obtain yarns, and drawing the yarns to total draw ratio (containing dry-heat drawing process) ≥16, (A) decomposition inhibitors are added or adsorbed to the inhibitor content 0.001-3.0% in the spinning yarns in the processes from dissolving the polymers to extracting the solvents from the yarns and (B) surfactants containing amide or urea linkage-containing ammonium compds. or sulfonates and/or amine sulfonates are attached on the yarns to the surfactant content 0.05-5% in the processes from just before drying process of the extracted solvents to just before dry-heat drawing process. Thus, a DMF solution containing 7% poly(vinyl alc.) (DPv 7000) was spun into 7:3 MeOH-DMF at 5°, wet-drawn to draw ratio 4, extracted with MeOH, blended with 0.7% 4',4-thiobis(6-tert-butyl-3methylphenol) (I), treated with 0.5% stearylamidopropyldimethyl- β hydroxyethylammonium nitrate (II) and 3% sorbitan monostearate, and dried at 80° to give a fiber (I content 1.1%, II content 0.45%), which was dry-heat drawn at 180-243° to total draw ratio 20.1 to show strength 19.2 g/denier and its retention 81% after 24 h at 160° and 68% after 48 h at 160° and elastic modulus 455 g/denier.

IT 96-69-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(antioxidants, vinal fibers containing, for good thermal aging resistance)

RN 96-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI D01F0006-14 [ICM,5]; D02J0001-22 [ICS,5]; D02G0003-48 [ICA,5]

IPCR D01F0006-14 [I,A]; D02G0003-48 [I,A]; D02J0001-22 [I,A]

CC 40-7 (Textiles and Fibers)

ST vinyl alc polymer fiber strength; polyvinyl alc fiber heat resistance; amide surfactant blend vinal fiber; urea surfactant blend vinal fiber; decompn inhibitor blend vinal fiber; sulfonate surfactant blend vinal fiber

IT 96-69-5 123-28-4, Dilauryl thiodipropionate 23128-74-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(antioxidants, vinal fibers containing, for good thermal aging resistance)

L73 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:193021 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:193021

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 118:33165a,33168a

TITLE: 4,4'-Biphenylenediphosphonite compound and its use as

an antioxidant

INVENTOR(S): Akashi, Hiroyuki; Inoue, Takeshi; Ike, Tetsuji;

Hidaka, Yasuhiro; Horie, Shoichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	CENT N	10.			KINI)	DATE		AP	PLICA:	TION NO	Ο.		DATE	
		E1600	·			7.1	-	1000	1202		1002	10070		_	10020522	
	EP	51600	16			A1		1992	1202	EP	1992-	-10872	/		19920523	<
	EP	51600)6			В1		1996	1023							
		R:	BE,	CH,	DE,	ES,	FR,	, GB,	ΙΤ,	LI, N	L					
	JΡ	05178	8870			Α		1993	0720	JP	1992-	-155682	2		19920522	<
	JΡ	25221	.36			В2		1996	0807							
	US	53002	257			А		1994	0405	US	1992-	-88892	ō		19920527	<
	KR	14802	22			В1		1998	0817	KR	1992-	-9060			19920527	<
PRIO	RITS	Z APPL	.N.	INFO	.:					JP	1991-	-152618	3	Α	19910527	<
										JP	1991-	-277309	9	Α	19910927	<

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite is resistant to hydrolysis and is useful, especially in combination with other antioxidants, as an antioxidant for organic materials such as polymers.

IT 96-69-5, 4,4'-Thiobis(6-tert-butyl-m-cresol)

RL: USES (Uses)

(antioxidant, biphenylenediphosphonite ester for use with)

RN 96-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IPCI C07F0009-48 [ICM, 5]; C08K0005-5393 [ICS, 5] IPCR C07F0009-48 [I,A]; C08K0005-5393 [I,A] CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) ΙT Acrylic polymers, miscellaneous Epoxy resins, miscellaneous Petroleum resins Polyamides, miscellaneous Polycarbonates, miscellaneous Polyesters, miscellaneous Polyimides, miscellaneous Polyoxymethylenes, miscellaneous Polyoxyphenylenes Polysulfones, miscellaneous Polythiophenylenes Rubber, natural, miscellaneous Rubber, synthetic Siloxanes and Silicones, miscellaneous Urethane polymers, miscellaneous RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (antioxidant for, biphenylenediphosphonite ester as)

IT 9002-86-2, Poly(vinyl chloride) 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9002-89-5,

```
Poly(vinylalcohol) 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9003-08-1,
    Formaldehyde-melamine copolymer 9003-20-7, Poly(vinylacetate)
    9003-35-4, Formaldehyde-phenol copolymer 9003-53-6, Polystyrene
    9003-56-9, ABS polymer 9004-34-6, Cellulose, uses 9011-05-6,
    Formaldehyde-urea copolymer 24968-12-5,
     1,4-Butanediol-terephthalic acid copolymer, sru 25014-41-9,
    Polyacrylonitrile 25038-59-9, uses
                                        26062-94-2.
    1,4-Butanediol-terephthalic acid copolymer
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (antioxidant for, biphenylenediphosphonite ester as)
ΙT
    77-62-3 85-60-9 88-24-4 88-26-6 96-69-5,
    4,4'-Thiobis(6-tert-butyl-m-cresol) 118-82-1,
     4,4'-Methylenebis(2,6-di-tert-butylphenol) 119-47-1 121-79-9, Propyl
    gallate 128-37-0, 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol, uses
    1034-01-1, Octyl gallate 1166-52-5, Dodecyl gallate 1709-70-2
    1843-03-4 4066-02-8 4130-42-1, 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-ethylphenol
                23128-74-7 25013-16-5, Butylated hydroxyanisole 27676-62-6
    6683-19-8
    35074-77-2 36443-68-2 40601-76-1 57569-40-1
                                                      65140-91-2
    70331-94-1 90498-90-1 90499-18-6
                                        147192-63-0
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (antioxidant, biphenylenediphosphonite ester for use with)
                            THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7
                             (17 CITINGS)
L73 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                   1988:168981 HCAPLUS Full-text
```

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:168981

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 108:27783a,27786a

TITLE: Rubber compositions containing imidazol(in)es and Broensted acids

INVENTOR(S): Hirata, Yasushi; Hatakeyama, Kazuya; Kondo, Hitoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bridgestone Corp., Japan SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	API	DATE	KIND	TENT NO.	PAT
_ 0 <	19870630		EP 1987-305773	EP	19880107 19880601 19940126	A2 A3 B1	251760 251760 251760	EP
1 <	19860701		JP 1986-152613	JP	19880118 19950920	A B	R: DE, FR, GB 63010645 07086155	_
	19860909 19861203		JP 1986-210777 JP 1986-286771		19880328 19880611 19950712	A A B	63068647 63139931 07064955	JP
1 <	19910705 19860701		US 1991-727395 JP 1986-152613 JP 1986-210777	JP	19920818	A	5140055 Y APPLN. INFO.:	US
3 < 6 < 6 <	19861203 19860226 19870626	A A1 B1	JP 1986-286771 JP 1986-39088 US 1987-66439	JP JP US				
9 4 3 4 5 4 9 4 6 4	19860909 19861203 19910705 19860701 19860909 19861203 19860226	A A A1 B1	JP 1986-210777 JP 1986-286771 US 1991-727395 JP 1986-152613 JP 1986-210777 JP 1986-286771 JP 1986-39088	JP JP US JP JP JP	19880118 19950920 19880328 19880611 19950712	A B A A	R: DE, FR, GB 63010645 07086155 63068647 63139931 07064955 5140055	JP JP JP JP US

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 108:168981

As subber composition, useful for vibration dampers and tire treads, having high mech. tan δ at high temperature, comprises natural and/or synthetic rubber and 0.1-50 phr of a (benz)imidazol(in)e derivative. The use of 0.1-50 phr Broensted acid in addition improves the poor scorch resistance of the rubber composition containing these compds. alone, and enhances the grip of the tire tread at high speeds. SBR 100, aromatic oil 37.5, ISAF carbon black 65, and ZnO 3 parts were compounded with 0.01 mol 2-phenyl-4-methylimidazole (I) and appropriate amts. of 1,3-diphenylguanidine, 2-mercaptobenzothiazole, and S and vulcanized to give a vulcanizate showing tan δ at 80° under 1% dynamic strain 0.238, compared with 0.173 for a similar vulcanizate without I. Addition of 0.01 mol p-toluenesulfonic acid (II) to a similar rubber composition containing 0.01 mol 1-stearyl-2-undecylimidazole gave a composition showing Mooney scorch time at 130° (JIS K 6300) 15.1 min, compared with 6.6 min for a similar composition without II.

IT 57-13-6, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (cyclocondensation of, with phenylenediamine)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{t-Bu} \end{array}$$

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ΙT
    Carboxylic acids, uses and miscellaneous
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (rubbar compns. containing, for improved scorch time in presence
       of imidazoles)
    Resin acids and Rosin acids
TT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (rubber compns. containing, for improved scorch time in presnece
       of imidazoles)
ΙT
    Acids, uses and miscellaneous
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (Broensted, rubber compns. containing, for improved scorch time
       in presence of imidazoles)
    Vibration
ΤT
       (dampers, rubber compns., containing (benz)imidazole derivs.,
       with improved mech. loss at elevated temperature)
ΙT
        (treads, SBR, containing (benz)imidazole derivs. and Broensted acids, with
       improved grip and mech. loss at elevated temperature)
     57-11-4, reactions 57-13-6, reactions 104-88-1, reactions
ΤT
     1200-14-2
               5416-30-8 24083-13-4
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (cyclocondensation of, with phenylenediamine)
               1019-85-8P 2963-65-7P 5805-27-6P,
ΙT
    615-16-7P
                                             21578-58-5P 114136-99-1P,
     2-Heptadecylbenzimidazole
                               14313-45-2P
                                    114137-00-7P,
     2-(p-Butylphenyl)benzimidazole
     2-[p-(Octyloxy)phenyl]benzimidazole
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and use in xubber compns., for improved mech. loss at
       elevated temperature)
                                     94-52-0
ΙT
     51-17-2, Benzimidazole 60-56-0
                                               104-98-3
                                                          443-48-1
               582-60-5
                        615-15-6 670-96-2
                                               693-98-1
                                                          716-79-0
     570-22-9
                                                                     822-36-6
    827-43-0 931-36-2 936-49-2 1137-68-4 2034-22-2
                                                           2232-08-8
    2466-76-4 3584-66-5 4414-88-4 4857-04-9
                                                   5418-95-1
                                                               5805-76-5
    10041-02-8 13682-32-1 13750-62-4
                                          16731-68-3
                                                       18156-74-6
    21054-72-8 23328-87-2 23996-12-5
                                          23996-16-9
                                                      23996-55-6
    24370-25-0 31430-18-9 38668-46-1
                                         49556-76-5
                                                      50729-75-4
    50729-78-7 61698-32-6 63592-54-1 68083-35-2
                                                      85598-94-3
                114136-96-8 114136-97-9
    113946-81-9
                                            114136-98-0
                                                          114137-01-8
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
       (xubbar compns. containing, for improved mech. loss at elevated
       temperature)
    62-23-7, p-Nitrobenzoic acid 64-19-7, uses and miscellaneous
ΤТ
    uses and miscellaneous 74-11-3, p-Chlorobenzoic acid
                                                           85-60-9,
     4,4'-Butylidenebis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol)
    \alpha-Naphthylcarboxylic acid 88-99-3, uses and miscellaneous
     89-05-4, Pyromellitic acid 96-69-5,
     4,4'-Thiobis(3-methyl-6-tert-butylphenol) 100-09-4, p-Methoxybenzoic
          104-15-4, uses and miscellaneous 110-15-6, uses and miscellaneous
    110-16-7, uses and miscellaneous 298-07-7 528-44-9 621-82-9,
    Cinnamic acid, uses and miscellaneous 724-59-4 7664-38-2, uses and
    miscellaneous
                  7664-93-9, uses and miscellaneous 13598-36-2
    RL: USES (Uses)
       (rubber compns. containing, for improved scorch time in presence
       of imidazoles)
TT
    9003-55-8
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (xubber, compounding of, with (benz)imidazole derivs., for
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improved mech. loss at elevated temperature)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(3 CITINGS)

L73 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:154086 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:154086

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 88:24281a,24284a

TITLE: Adhesion of polyamide fibers to rubber

INVENTOR(S): Nakamura, Takayoshi; Hirohata, Mikio; Zako, Kanzaburo;

Yura, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Naugatuck Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 52152982	A	19771219	JP 1976-71585	19760616 <
JP 54000952	В	19790118		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1976-71585 A 19760616 <--

Heat-resistant polyamide cords, with improved adhesion to rubber, were prepared by blending an iodide of an alkali or alkaline earth metal, urea [57-13-6], and an antioxidant with HCHO-resorcinol copolymer [24969-11-7] and treating the cords with the mixture Thus, 11 parts resorcinol was polymerized with 16.2 parts 37% HCHO in the presence of 30 parts 1% NaOH and 209 parts H2O, and the composition was blended with 100 parts (as solid part) of a composition of KI 0.5, urea 4.0, and Sumilizer WX-R [4,4'-thiobis(6-tert-butyl-3-methylphenol)] (I) [96-69-5] 2.0 parts and with a latex containing 40% Pyratex (butadiene-styrene-vinylpyridine-copolymer) [9019-71-0] and H2O. Nylon 6 cord was immersed in the resulting composition (solid content 20%) to 4% resin content, heat-treated 3 min at 150°, aged 3 days at 100°, and embedded in a rubber composition to give a composite with strength of bonding between layers 11.5 kg/9mm, compared with 3.0 kg/9mm for a composite containing cords treated with a similar composition without urea, KI, and I.

IT 57-13-6, uses and miscellaneous 96-69-5

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for finishing of nylon cord)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 96-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Bu-t$$
 $Bu-t$
 $Bu-t$

IPCI B32B0007-12; B32B0025-06; C09J0003-16 IPCR B29C0067-00 [I,A]; B29B0015-00 [I,A]; B29C0055-00 [I,A]; B29C0065-70 [I,A]; B29C0070-00 [I,A]; B32B0007-12 [I,A]; B32B0025-06 [I,A]; B32B0025-10 [I,A]; B32B0037-00 [I,A]; C08J0005-04 [I,A]; C08J0005-06 [I,A]; C09J0121-00 [I,A]; D06M0013-02 [I,A]; D06M0013-152 [I,A]; D06M0013-322 [I,A]; D06M0013-325 [I,A]; D06M0013-335 [I,A]; D06M0013-402 [I,A]; D06M0013-432 [I,A]; D06M0015-693 [I,A]; D06M0101-00 [N,A]; D06M0101-16 [N,A]; D06M0101-30 [N,A]; D06M0101-34 [N,A] 38-13 (Elastomers, Including Natural Rubber) CC ST nylon tire cord finishing; polyamide tire cord finishing; potassium iodide cord finishing; urea nylon cord finishing; heat resistant nylon cord; phenolic resin cord finishing Heat stabilizers ΙT (potassium iodide, urea and thiobis(butylmethylphenol), for finishing nylon tire cord) ΙT (cord, finishing of, with formaldehyde-resorcinol copolymer and stabilizers, heat-resistant) 57-13-6, uses and miscellaneous 96-69-5 7681-11-0, ΙT uses and miscellaneous RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for finishing of nylon cord) 24969-11-7 ΙT RL: USES (Uses) (nylon cord treated by, for improved adhesion to rubber) L73 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:517915 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:117915 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 67:22267a,22270a Curing of ethylene-vinyl chloride polymers TITLE: Monsanto Co. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Brit., 18 pp.

CODEN: BRXXAA
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE GB 1086265 19671004 GB 1964-42788 19641020 <--DE 1569163 DE 19631021 <--US 3356658 19671205 US 1963-317764 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 19631021 <--

AB Ethylene-vinyl chloride copolymers (I) were cured in the presence of S and a phenol, polyol, bisphenol, uxea, thiourea, dimethylolurea (II), or epoxy compound

stabilizer. The crosslinked products obtained had improved strength, elongation, dimensional stability, and solvent resistance when compared with valcanizates prepared from the standard peroxidetype cure system. Thus, I 100, Philblack O 50, stearic acid 1, ZnO 5, S 1.5, Tellurac (Te diethyldithiocarbamate) 2, Thiotax 1, and pentaerythritol (III) 7 parts were cured at 310°F. The composition cured in 19 min. to yield a valcanizate with a % elongation of 175, a retained elongation of 8%, and a tensile strength of 3300 psi. When the effects of varying types of fillers were investigated, Philblack E was the best reinforcement. The optimum loading was 50 parts black per 100 parts resin. The effects of various stabilizers were determined by using both 51-7 and 35 mole % I. Performance was evaluated by an oven cure. The best stabilizers for prevention of char and metal attack were, in approx. order of their effectiveness: thiourea, III, glycerol, Resimene U-920 (a melamine resin), Epoxol 9-5 (epoxidized soybean oil), II, and urea. When stabilizer combinations were studied for the prevention of polymer decomposition and corrosive attack of molds, thiourea and glycerol were the most effective.

IT 57-13-6, uses and miscellaneous 96-69-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(as stabilizer for ethylene-vinyl chloride xubbex vulcanization with sulfur)

RN 57-13-6 HCAPLUS

CN Urea (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 96-69-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Bu-t$$
 $Bu-t$
 OH

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IPCI C08F
```

IPCR C08K0003-06 [I,A]

CC 38 (Elastomers, Including Natural Rubber)

IT Soybean oil

RL: USES (Uses)

(epoxidized, as stabilizer for ethylene-vinyl chloride rubber vulcanization with sulfur)

IT Carbon black, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(ethylene-vinyl chloride rubbers containing,

vulcanization of, with sulfur in presence of polyols or

urea derivs.)

IT Rubber, synthetic

(ethylene-vinyl chloride, vulcanization of, with sulfur in

presence of polyols or urea derivs.) ΙT Crosslinking (of ethylene-vinyl chloride xubber with sulfur in presence of polyols or urea derivs.) Phosphorous acid TT RL: USES (Uses) (as stabilizer for ethylene-vinyl chloride rubber vulcanization with sulfur) 56-81-5, uses and miscellaneous 57-13-6, uses and TT miscellaneous 62-56-6, uses and miscellaneous 75-56-9, uses and miscellaneous 96-69-5 107-15-3, uses and miscellaneous 115-77-5, uses and miscellaneous 126-14-7 140-95-4 142-18-7 9003-20-7, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses) (as stabilizer for ethylene-vinyl chloride xubbex vulcanization with sulfur) 108-78-1, Melamine ΙT RL: USES (Uses) (polymers with formaldehyde, as stabilizer for ethylene-vinyl chloride rubber vulcanization with sulfur) 25037-78-9P, preparation ΙT RL: PREP (Preparation) (rubber, vulcanization of, with sulfur in presence of polyols or urea derivs.) L73 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN 1966:457536 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 65:57536 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 65:10756b-d Agents for controlling the valcanization of TITLE: polythenes INVENTOR(S): Larsen, Hans R. Union Carbide Canada Ltd. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: 8 pp. DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Unavailable LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 1419940		19651203	FR 1964-994937	19641113 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US	19631115 <

Materials for increasing the temperature at which organic peroxide-containing polythenes vulcanixe are those normally used as antioxidants or accelerators, or those capable of acting as both. Antioxidants include aromatic amines of the type tolylene-2, 4-diamine, phenolic compds., such as phenol-formaldehyde-resins, or hindered phenols, such as 4-methyl-2,6-di-tert-butylphenol, and addition products of Me2CO and PhNH2. Accelerators used are 2-mercaptobenzotriazole or its derivs., sulfides of N,N'-disubstituted dithiocarbamic acid, or thioureas, such as dimethylthiourea. Those materials acting as antioxidant, and accelerator, are metallic salts of general structure MXs, where M may be Zn, Pb, Cu, Bi, Te, or Se, s is the valency of the metal, and X is a radical of the type -SC(S)NR1R2, where R1 and R2 are alkyl on aralkyl radicals containing 1-7 C atoms, or where R1R2 is a divalent pentamethylene group. Polythenes containing one of these compds. and peroxides, such as Bz2O2, tert- or di-tert-Bu perbenzoate, or dicumyl peroxide, can

$$Bu-t$$
 $Bu-t$
 OH

IPCI C08F

IPCR C08K0005-00 [I,A]; C08L0023-06 [I,A] 48 (Plastics Technology) CCBonds ΙT (cross-linkage formation, in ethylene polymers by peroxides, retardation by antioxidants and vulcanization accelerators) TT Peroxides (cross-linking by, of ethylene polymers, retardation by antioxidants and rubber vulcanization accelerators) ΤT Rubber (vulcanization accelerators for, as retarders in ethylene polymer cross-linking by peroxides) 128-37-0, p-Cresol, 2,6-tert-butyl-ΙT (as retarder with rubber vulcanization accelerators in ethylene polymer cross-linking by peroxides) ΙT 9002-88-4, Ethylene polymers (cross-linking of, by peroxides, retardation by antioxidants and rubber vulcanization accelerators) 96-69-5, m-Cresol, 4,4'-thiobis[6-tert-butyl-97 - 74 - 5, Sulfide, bis(dimethylthiocarbamoyl) 100-97-0, Hexamethylenetetramine 102-08-9, Carbanilide, thio- 120-78-5, Benzothiazole, 2,2'-dithiobis-137-30-4, Zinc, bis(dimethyldithiocarbamato) - 18907-31-8, Zinc, bis(2-benzothiazolethiolato)-(ethylene polymer cross-linking by organic peroxides regulated by) ΙT 614-45-9, Peroxybenzoic acid, tert-butyl ester (ethylene polymer cross-linking by, retardation by antioxidants and rubber vulcanization accelerators) 137-26-8, Disulfide, bis(dimethylthiocarbamoyl) ΙT (ethylene polymer vulcanization inhibition by) ΙT 62-56-6, Urea, thio-(N-alkyl derivs., ethylene-polymer cross linking by organic peroxides regulated by) OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD

(1 CITINGS)

L73 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2011 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1952:62713 HCAPLUS Full-text 46.62713

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 46:62713
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 46:10490b-d

The toxicity and skin effects of compounds used in the TITLE:

rubber and plastics industries. I.

Accelerators, activators, and antioxidants

AUTHOR(S): Mallette, F. S.; Von Haam., E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, O.

SOURCE: Archives of Industrial Hygiene and Occupational

Medicine (1952), 5, 311-17

CODEN: AIHOAX; ISSN: 0376-1096

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AΒ In laboratory toxicity studies of accelerators, the LD50 was 0.25g./kg. body weight for piperidinium cyclopentamethylene dithiocarbamate, 0.25 for Nisopropylbenzothiazolesulfonamide, 6.0 for bis(2-benzothioazolylthiomethyl)urea, and 1.2 for N-cyclohexyl N-diethylthiocarbonyl sulfonamide(Thiopentex); of activators, 0.2 for cyclohexylamine, 4.0 for cyclohexylammonium stearate, and 0.58 for cyclohexylammonium formate; for antioxidants, 0.62 for diamylphenol, 8.0 for 2,6-ditert-butyl-4-methylphenol, 0.25 for triphenyl phosphite, 5.0 for bis(4-tert-butyl-mcresol) sulfide, and 4.5 for N,N'-di-2-naphthyl-p-phenylenediamine. In human exposures compds. of all 3 groups were mild to severe skin irritants, and many, especially antioxidants, were moderately sensitizing

96-69-5, m-Cresol, 4,4'-thiobis[6-tert-butyl-ΙT

(skin effects and toxicity of)

96-69-5 HCAPLUS RN

Phenol, 4,4'-thiobis[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

13 (Chemical Industry and Miscellaneous Industrial Products) CC

ΙT Sensitization

(by compds. in plastics and rubber industries)

ΙT Rubber

> (deterioration-preventing agents and vulcanization accelerators and activators for, skin effect and toxicity of)

ΙT

(effect of compds. in plastics and rubber industries on)

ΙT Antioxidants

> (in plastics and rubber industries, skin effects and toxicity of)

ΙT 28652-04-2P 34961-28-9P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (The toxicity and skin effects of compounds used in the rubber

and plastics industries. I. Accelerators, activators, and antioxidants)

TT 93-46-9, p-Phenylenediamine, N,N'-di-2-naphthyl- 95-35-2, Benzothiazole, 2,2'-[ureylenebis(methylenethio)]bis- 96-69-5, m-Cresol,

4,4'-thiobis[6-tert-butyl- 98-77-1, 1-Piperidinecarbodithioic acid, piperidine salt 101-02-0, Phenyl phosphite, (PhO)3P 108-91-8, Cyclohexylamine 120-95-6, Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-

128-37-0, p-Cresol, 2,6-di-tert-butyl- 10220-34-5,

2-Benzothiazolesulfenamide, N-isopropyl- 15860-21-6, Stearic acid, cyclohexylamine salt 52185-80-5, Hydrosulfamine, N-cyclohexyl-S-(diethylthiocarbamoyl)- (skin effects and toxicity of)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)